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Nov. 29th 1873 1y.

For the Recorder.

ORIGINAL.

Like a thief in the night time is stealing
Over joy I had trusted would last;
While Hope not a bud is revealing,
Of the blossoms that brightened the past.
I feel like a child in the Autumn,
For whom, summer hath fled too soon;
Who sees only withered leaves falling,
Where he looked for the roses of June.

The past may come back to us never,
'Tis its shadow alone that returns;
It's memories live with us ever,
While the lamp of the spirit still burns.
Some fond words, and the smiles, the kindness,
Our day dreams recalls, but in vain;
For the flowers of feeling, then blooming,
Can never re-blossom again!

SOME SUCCESSFUL LITERARY PEOPLE.

Clemens, the humorist, better known as Mark Twain, has done better than any man of his turn of labor. He has been seven years before the public, and during that time has become rich enough to live on his income. His property in Hartford is worth more than $80,000. Mrs. Stowe has made more than any other American woman, and has probably cleared $100,000. This may seem like a large sum, but when it is spread through a quarter of a century, it is not such an immense thing as at first appears to be. Marian Harlan (Mrs. Terhune,) who has written industriously for twenty years, has probably made $15,000 by a dozen novels. Perhaps Mary J. Holmes has done equally well. Gail Hamilton (Miss Dodge) enjoyed a good sale for her book during the first few years, but her vanity got the better of her judgement, and she quarreled with her publishers. Her next book was devoted to the quarrel, and it at once impaired her popularity. She now has a corner in Harper's papers, and in the Independent, but will never do much in books again. Her impudence toward the venerable John Todd, who differed with her in opinion, showed how the vanity arising from success spoils real talent. Wolworth, who was shot by his son, never made much out of his books, and they were, in fact, too inferior to sell without extraordinary puffery. Josh Billings (Shaw) has found unusual popularity. He is witty and says many wise as well as funny things. It seems a pity that such a clever fellow should be obliged to borrow the jokes of poor Artemus Ward and print them as original, but such is one of the weakness of funny fellows.—Troy (N. Y.) Times.

"SPONGING" ON NEWSPAPERS.

Every man thinks a newspaper fair game. If a society or any body of men get up a concert or a ball or other form of entertainment, the object of which is to put money in their pockets, or if the proceeds are to be devoted to charitable purpose to add to their own glorification, they become very indignant if the proprietors of a newspaper do not assist them by a series of gratuitous advertisements for several weeks before the event takes place. These gentlemen should remember that literary men in this practical age work for money as well as for fame—principally the former, however—and the business manager of a newspapers, if he wishes to keep on the safe side of the ledger, conducts his charge on the same principle as the head of any business establishment. People who are getting up a ball would feel charry of asking a present of a pair of gloves from any merchant on that account, yet asking and expecting to receive a gratuitous advertisement is a similar demand. the editor of the Marlboro, Mass; Journal states the case very plainly when he informs his readers that "We long adopted the plan of charging our regular reading notice price for all editorials announcements of entertainments to which an admission fee is affixed. We make no exception to this rule. In the way of news topics we freely and gladly insert sketches of all entertainments after they have become matters of history. It is only the preliminary work, looking to the drawing out of increased patronage from the public, for which we expect compensation."

BE SENSIBLE.

Do not be above your business; he who turns up his nose at his work, quarrels with his bread and butter. He is a poor smith who quarrels with his own sparks; there's no shame about any honest calling; don't be afraid of soiling your hands there's plenty of soap to be had. All trades are good in Leeds. You can not get honey if you are frightened at bees, nor plant corn if you are afraid of getting mud on your boots. When you can dig fields with tooth-picks, blow ships along with fans, and grow plum-cakes in flower-pots, then it will be a fine time for dandies.

The chap who is always right, because he is too lazy to labor under a mistake, is around again.

TESTING THE OLD MAN'S LOVE.

Mrs. Clark had been reading the Beecher-Tilton scandal until her faith in man had dwindled down to a very fine point; she had a poor opinion of them.

She had noticed that her hitherto loving spouse had, for the past two weeks, been low-spirited and down hearted.

She thought that perhaps he, too, had been led from the path of virtue by the deluding voice of some bewitching siren, and that his love for her was growing cold. But now to find out if such was the case. Josephus did not show any signs of producing a statement, or of confessing his guilt to a mutual friend.

Her brow corrugated, and her hands clenched as she brooded over her imaginary wrongs, and she determined to put the fidelity of her husband to the test.

But how to do it, that was the question.

'Aha! I have it,' said she, triumphantly. 'I'll drown myself; that is, figuratively.'

Clark was a farmer in good circumstances, and being several years younger than his wife, and good looking, it kept her in a state of perpetual worriment and jealousy. Mrs. Clark proceeded to put her plan into execution.

Just behind the house was a very deep well, that had not been used for some time, and it was covered over with boards to prevent the cattle from falling into it.

She removed the covering from the well, and placing her bonnet and shawl upon its brink, she crawled in under a large gooseberry bush to await developments.

The weather was cold, and she was nearly frozen before she saw her husband and hired man coming from the barn where they had been working.

Clark passed by the well without noticing the clothing; but the hired man saw them and gave a cry of horror.

'Mercy on us, Mr. Clark! Your wife has thrown herself in the well!' he shouted frantically.

Mrs. Clark expected that her husband would tear his hair and rush to the edge of the well, and, after calling her all the endearing names he could think of, descend into its watery depth, in eager search of her cold, damp corpse.

But Clark did not do anything of the kind. He calmly took a fresh chew of tobacco, and then approaching the well, looked quietly into it.

'I guess the old girl has suicided,' said he, without any emotion worth speaking of. 'Jake, you sling them boards back again; I wouldn't have that brindle heifer get in there for fifty dollars; and after dinner we'll hoist the old woman out.'

'Hadn't I better get some of the neighbors here first?' asked the frightened man.

'After dinner will do, Jake. Business before pleasure,' is my motto, and I'm awful hungry.'

Jake covered up the well, and the men went into the house, leaving the old lady howling with rage.

'I'll old girl him! I'll suicided him! Takes more pains over that peaky heifer than he does with me. I'll—I'll—'

Words failed her; they were inadequate to express her feelings.

After dinner Clark sent the hired man after some of the neighbors, and while he was awaiting his return he seated himself upon a log, in plain sight of his loving wife, and whistled Old Hundred all through without missing a stave.

The neighbors arrived and were full of sympathy for the bereaved husband; and Josephus bore his honors meekly.

Various plans were canvassed for raising the body, but, owing to the great depth of the well, they could not decide upon the right one.

'I'll tell you the best way, friends,' said Clark, pathetically. 'She is gone, and will never come back to this world of woe and trouble; so I think we had better let the body remain where it is, and fill up the well. It will save a power of trouble and bother.'

This proposition was agreed to by the neighbors as being feasible, and the work of filling it up commenced. Josephus throwing in all the large stones and blocks of wood that he could lay his hands on.

'There,' said he, 'I guess that will do,' after they had thrown a couple of cartloads of miscellaneous rubbish into the well. 'Jake can fill up the rest, odd spells and rainy days. We'll have the funeral sermon preached as soon as I get done hauling wood.'

Near by the side of Josephus stood a woman of about thirty summers, or winters, and she had been regarding the solemn scene with a mixture of pleasure and sorrow, intermingled; and when the rest of the neighbors took their departure, she lingered behind to comfort the aching heart of the bereaved widower.

'It is a great pity to be so suddenly cut down in the prime of life, like the flower at noontide,' said she mournfully.

'Yes,' said he, shifting the quid from one side of his mouth to the other, 'but Betty was getting along in years, and we must be resigned.'

'Just so Mr. Clark; resignation is a cooling balm, as it were, to fill the void in the troubled breast, and I always thought that your wife was too old for such a smart active man as you.'

'Did you, really?' answered Clark, with sudden interest.

'To be sure. I did. I always took a great interest in your welfare.'

Clark was lost in meditation for some time.

'Miss Perkins,' said he, suddenly, 'can you make good butter?'

'Now, Mr. Clark,' she bandered, blushing, 'you touch me on a tender point, for, if I do say it myself, I won't turn my back to any woman in the county making good butter.'

'Good cook?'

'First rate. Understand housekeeping?'

'None better.'

'Then, I'll tell you what I have been thinking about,' said he, picking up another large stone and throwing it into the well. 'Suppose you and I get married?'

'Now, really, Mr. Clark, you are so sudden and take me by surprise; but my heart bleeds for you in your bereavement, and—and I consent. Take me—I am yours.'

The fond couple embraced, taking a kiss to ratify the bargain.

Mrs. Clark, under the gooseberry bush, was boiling with rage, but she restrained herself for a few moments.

'I say,' said Clark, after they had regained their composure, 'won't Betty's clothes fit you?'

'Of course they will, and it will be a great saving.'

'And I will take that new cloak of hers and make me an overcoat—a long one, like the city folks wear,' said Clark.

'O! you dear creature!' replied she.

'Sweet angel of my soul!' said he.

Just then something lit upon Clark's back, and he did not know at first whether it was a wild cat, a streak of lightning, or the devil, but he found out directly.

His charmer cast one glance at the apparition, and scooted.

Clark has just got around again. He says it was the worst case of inflammatory sickness he ever had.

But he is the meekest husband to be found, and the well is filled up.—Wild Oats.

IF I HAD BUT A LITTLE SALT.

Once upon a time, a lady, whom we knew, finding a beggar at the door, gave him a meal of coffee, meat and bread and butter; which he sat down in the area to eat. A moment afterwards, however, he rapped beseechingly at the door again, and on its being opened, remarked, with his hand upon his heart:

'If I had but a little salt I should be perfectly happy.'

Of course he got the salt. He was more easily made happy than most people.

Human nature is always sitting down to some bountiful repast or other with the same remark. 'It would be happy if it had but a little salt,' which, alas! is not always forthcoming.

Youth would be glad to be youth if it only had the salt of wealth. Wealth would rejoice could youth return to add a savor to it.

Love could go gloriously into its earthly paradise on so much a year. So much a year would know what bliss means had it but love.

The childless mother looks from her great plate glass window, and envies the poor woman with the baby wagon. The poor woman wishes for the plate glass windows to keep the baby in.

The great, ruddy farmer pines because he has no fame or position. The famous man longs for the lusty frame of the farmer.

A LITTLE GIRL'S TERRIBLE FATE.

A letter in the Gonzales (Texas) Index says: About four weeks since, a little girl two year's old, daughter of Mrs. M. J. Robinson, living on Peach creek, Gonzales county, was bitten, by a little pet dog. The circumstances created no uneasiness at the time, from the fact that there was not the slightest suspicion at the time of hydrophobia, and it was supposed the dog was only in a little accustomed ill humor. Shortly afterwards the dog began to have spasms, and finally left home and died in the neighborhood. About twenty days after the child was bitten she became very feverish and fretful, and finally became convulsed with spasms. After three days of most excruciating sufferings with the most terrible malady—hydrophobia—the little sufferer was released from pain by the hand of death. In her paroxysms she bit her mother several times while nursing. The mother has been twice to Dr. Evans, of Flatonia, who is in possession of a blood-stone, which was applied to her wounds. The stone adhered tenaciously the first time, and but slightly the last. It is to be hoped that the virus has entirely removed, and the mother saved from a horrible death.

OSCEOLA, N. Y.; May 22.—The Methodist and Catholic churches with a few buildings in their vicinity were saved. The rest of the town is utterly destroyed. One thousand out of fifteen hundred lost everything. The village of Houtsdale was also burned. Hundreds of woodsmen have lost their homes. The fire swept ten out of eleven townships in Pike county. The losses in the region burned, including Houtsdale, will reach $3,000,000. The fire was originated by tramps breaking into a hut and firing it.

SAN FRANCISCO IN 1849.

A LIVELY DESCRIPTION OF A PRIMITIVE SCENE.

In May, 1849, there were less than one hundred and fifty wooden houses built, including all branches scattered over the seven hills for San Francisco had at that time, seven hills. Thousands of tents were everywhere erected, and in these people dwelt. The plaza, or public square, had at one time, one decent wooden house, called the Parker House, which of course was a gambling house; while the more pretentious tents were one and gambling shops. The busiest man in that city, at that time, was one Sam Brannan, a retired or reformed Mormon, perhaps still alive. The nominal rule of the city was a Mr. Smith, styled "The Alcalde." The real rulers were twenty ruffians, known as "The Hounds," whose chief was one Roberts. They were one and all ex-soldiers in the Mexican war, robbers, cutthroats and cowards; yet the floating mass of inhabitants, numbering no less than fifty thousand, were actually tyrannized over, robbed by and afraid of those twenty thieves. It may seem strange that such a state of affairs could possibly exist for a single day, yet it is nevertheless true that it did exist for months.

There were hotels. One man, whose name was Meritt, had a large wooden house toward the north beach, where his lodgers herded. They slept every where—on the tables, under the tables, in every available space; bedding of the bloated and luxurious guest wanted such a thing, had to be provided by himself. It is, however, but fair to relate that Merritt always exacted $2 a night for lodging from anybody that sheltered in the house. As for the living, it is almost too ridiculous to be related. A French restaurant, for instance, furnished the best bottle of port wine for $2—some thousand dozen sent from the London docks and sold for the freight in San Francisco, as no owner turned up. The Frenchman charged the following prices for breakfast:

Beef steak	$1.00
Two potatoes	2.00
One onion	2.00
Coffee	50
Bread	50
Total	$6.00

The price of washing a shirt was $1. This was done at the Presidio by some American soldiers who owned (happy mortals) wives. The price of lumber was enormous—$350 per 1,000 running feet measurement. A pair of blankets sold for $40; a pair of long boots cost six ounces of gold. A common rough jacket cost $25. Yet luxuries were cheap. There were plenty of cigars, and good ones, to be had; plenty of the best wines and brandy. Raisins, almonds and nuts were literally found in the street—a mewhat damaged, perhaps. The climate, at that time at least, was not very inviting. At sunrise the weather was mild and serene, as at Naples; by eleven o'clock the eastern wind began to blow—not only dust, but gravel of respectable size flew about like hail; by two P.M. it became bitter cold, and by six P. M. the wind had entirely vanished.

Hundreds and thousand of white rats, with fiery red eyes, ran about in the streets and disputed the right of inhabiting each tent or house. What flies are to Egypt, fleas were at that time to San Francisco. There was no use of seeking a remedy. No sleep could be got until the million fleas got literally drunk on the blood of the restless sleeper, which was generally by five in the morning. Then the little vampires took a rest themselves. The city boasted of but few horses; as for carriages, there were none worthy the name. Such was the city of San Francisco in 1849; yet everybody was busy, everything was sold and bought for gold dust. Everybody had scales and weights, and everybody seemed somewhat to have gold.

THE SIZE OF ADAM.—We learn from a recent book that Adam (whom many of our readers will doubtless remember, as the first man) was according to the rabbinical tradition, one hundred miles high. If this is really true, every one of us ought to be thankful that the races has dwindled since Adam's day. It is appalling to think of the inconvenience and expense to which we should be subjected if we retained Adam's dimensions. A man would require, we should judge, trowsers fifty miles long, and about four hundred furlongs of suspenders. And if we were to preserve the proper proportions in our dress, we should each require about sixty thousand cubic feet of hat. When a small family of such men died, they would occupy the entire State of Pennsylvania as a cemetery, and the way the undertaker would accumulate charges for coffins would be simply frightful. So it is better as it is. Adam did very well while he was alone in the world; but just at present a man of his inches, who lived in Philadelphia, could hardly sit down without mashing Lancaster out of existence.

A DOUBLE REMORSE.

The following interesting letter is published in a London paper: Being accustomed to walk out, before breakfast with two sky terriers, it was my custom to wash their feet in a tub, kept for the purpose in the garden, whenever the weather was wet. One morning, when I took up the dog to carry him to the tub, he bit me so severely that I was obliged to let him go. No sooner was the dog at liberty than he ran down to the kitchen and hid himself. For three days he refused food, declined to go out with any of the family, appeared very dejected, with a distressed and unusual expression of countenance.

On the third morning, however, upon returning with the other dog, I found him sitting by the tub, and upon coming towards him he immediately jumped into it and sat down in the water. After pretending to wash his legs, he jumped out as happy as possible, and from that moment recovered his usual spirits.

There appears in this instance to have been clear process of reasoning, accompanied by acute feeling, going on in the dog's mind from the moment he bit me until he bit upon a plan of showing his regret and making reparation for his fault. It evidently occurred to him that I attached great importance to this foot-bath, and if he could convince me that his contrition was sincere, and that he was willing to submit to the process without a murmur, I should be satisfied. The dog, in this case, reasoned with perfect accuracy, and from his own premises deduced a legitimate conclusion which the result justified.

A SUNNY DISPOSITION.

There are some persons who carry sunshine and happiness by their very presence wherever they go. The ills of life sit lightly on them; they make the best of everything. They inhale and enjoy the fragance of the rose while it lasts, without pausing to lament that to-morrow its leaves may withered.—Their hearts swell with delight at the many-colored rainbow, and, as its hues quickly fade, they say to themselves, "Never mind, it was a bright bow of promise, anyhow."

Such people are the true, practical philosophers. They find in the fact that life is short a conclusive argument in favor of enjoying as nearly every moment of it as possible.

They are not only the happiest of people themselves, but they do a great deal to make those around them happy.—Their presence is everywhere welcome; their absence is felt and regretted.—They help the world on, and contribute to make it joyous.

ONE'S MOTHER.

Around the idea of one's mother the mind of man clings with fond affection. It is the first dear thought stamped upon our infant hearts, when yet soft and capable of receiving the most profound impression, and all the after feelings are more or less light in comparison. Our passions and our wilfulness may lead us far from the object of our filial love; we may become wild headstrong and angry at her counsels or opposition; but when death has stilled her monitory voice, and nothing but calm memory remains to recapitulate her virtues and good deeds, affection, like a flower beaten to the ground by a rude storm, raises up her head and smiles amidst her tears. Round that idea, as we have said, the mind clings with fond affection; and even when the earliest period of our loss force memory to be silent, fancy takes the place of remembrance, and twines the image of our departed parent with a garland of graces, and beauties, and which we doubt not that she possessed.

THE FALLING TEAR.—An old woman on a bench in the Grand Trunk depot yesterday, wiping her eyes with her handkerchief, when a portlyman, full of sympathy, said to another:

"'Tis sad to see the falling tear. It always makes my heart ache to see an aged person in trouble."

Walking up to her, he kindly asked:

"My good woman, why these tears—why do you weep?"

She took down the handkerchief, looked up in suprise, bluntly answered:

"I've got the worst cold in my head I've had for forty-six years."—Detroit Free Press.

Gentle behavior and liberality will procure the love even of our enemies.

About the happiest time in a young girl's existence is when her lover rings her hand.

A romantic young man says that a woman's heart is like the moon—It changes continually, but always has a man in it.

Experimental philosophy, asking a young lady to marry you; natural philosophy, saying you were only joking when she refuses you.

"Why did you name your dog Back? From necessity. He is always running away from home, and how could we help calling him Back?"

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....JUNE 2. 1875.

THE RAILROAD CASE.

On Friday last, Col. A. S. Buford and Mr. W. H. Greene Superintendent of the N. C. R. R. were arrested at Greensboro, by C. P. Mendenhall, for violating the statute prohibiting said road from altering its gauge. The parties arrested sued out a writ of Habeas Corpus which was tried before Judge Schenck in Chambers on Saturday afternoon. The State was represented by F. N. Strudwick, J. H. Wilson and W. J. Montgomery, and the defendants by Judge Marshall of Richmond, Va., and S. A. Ashe of Raleigh.

The case was opened by Mr. Strudwick.

He was followed by Mr. Ashe who moved the discharge of the prisoners because the Act under which the arrest was made was void. He claimed that the Act was in violation of Art. 1. Sec. 17 of the Constitution of N. C. providing that no person shall be deprived of his property by the law of the land, and was also a violation of that clause of the Constitution of the U. S. prohibiting the passage of any law violating the obligation of contracts.

He was followed by solicitor Strudwick who spoke of the State system adopted by our forefathers, and claimed that the act of the last Legislature was a proper one. He quoted freely from the article published in the Raleigh News from the pen of R. F. Moore Esq.

Mr. Wilson argued upon the right of the General Assembly to regulate commerce within the State, and urged that in the passage of this Act, the Legislature exercised its rightful power, and showed that the power had been held to exist in the Legislature by the Supreme Court of the U. S. in the case of Ninny vs. Moore. He quoted the case of the State vs. Matthews: (bank of Fayetteville) and showed that the principles involved were the same as those in the case on trial.

Judge Marshall argued upon the following points: that the charter of the N. C. R. R. was a contract between the State and that corporation: that the contract had been the subject of judicial decision: that under this construction the company had a right to adopt any gauge it pleased, and its interests might demand: that this contract could not rightly be violated by subsequent legislation: that the law under which the defendants were indicted under took to deprive them of unquestionable rights under the charter, and was void: and that the R. and D. R. R. under the law had all the rights of the lessor.

He also undertook to show that the State had adopted no special rail road policy.

The Court after an adjournment of an hour decided that the Statute was unconstitutional and void, and that the petitioners were not embraced within its provision, and they were ordered to be discharged from custody.

The Hillsboro Correspondent (!) of the Sentinel in the issue of the 26th intimates that the Recorder is becoming silent on the subject of the nomination. We can guess exactly where that correspondence comes from, and it is not from Hillsboro either. But we understand its object perfectly.

Ourselves no more than the public are fond of playing on one string too much or two often. The experience of the past four years has made that monotonous music tiresome. There is time enough before the election to ring all the changes on the nomination, and possibly to make its music as undesirable to Mr. Turner as it seems to be pleasant now.

"We shall see what we shall see."

In the Presbyterian General Assembly held in St. Louis, the special committee to whom was referred a matter of friendly relations between the northern and southern churches, reported that while they greatly regretted that the conference at Baltimore last January was unsuccessful in bringing the two great bodies together in friendly and cordial relations, they heartily endorsed the position of their committee as the only one they could have taken under the circumstances.

If Mr. Turner is stronger with the white people of Orange now, as he says, than he ever was, where does that strength come from? It is certainly not in the Conservative ranks. That he and his friends too plainly see. Does it become a man who boasts of being the leader of the column that broke down the radical ranks, to be seeking support among his defeated enemies? And yet that is the only conclusion to be reached, that he expects to be elected over all opposition by the aid of his old enemies.

Measures are to be taken by the Kentucky legislature to restore the tomb of Gen. Zachary Taylor, near Louisville, which has been neglected and has gone to ruin.

CONVENTION MATTERS.

Elsewhere in the State, the nominations for the Convention are being made with judgment, and there is hardly a doubt that the body when assembled will be largely Democratic.

How can it be otherwise, when it proposes to undo so much that radicalism has done to chain the State to the destinies of a party that is everywhere receiving its condemnation? When radicalism was in the ascendant it was all-powerful, and insolent, and seemed never to have calculated upon a day of reckoning. But its wicked secrets have been exposed by its own instruments, its hidden stores of corruption have been laid bare, its cogniery of despotism has been explained.

What hidden sources of recuperation may lie concealed, no one knows. A party that has ruled for so many years will die hard. But living or dying it has survived the affections of its friends and the respect of its enemies. What it will do to sustain itself will be at the expense of right. Its birth was in corruption. Its continued life must be either in fraud or violence.

We have one intimation of what the radicals propose to do. They pledge themselves to vote for no man who does not bind himself to adjourn the Convention as soon as it is organized. This is a species of nullification that has no parralel in Legislative annals. It is a short hand way of stifling enquiry, and shutting the door to the correction of abuses. What claims has a radical minority to say to the people, you shall have no relief, but shall always live under a Constitution imposed upon you by your conquerors? Yet they assert that claim and pledge themselves to maintain it.

The Charlotte Observer says: The handsomest thing of the Centennial occasion was the honor paid Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, by the Raleigh Light Artillery Company and the Raleigh Light Infantry, and by the steam Fire Company of Newbern, and the Citizens Band of the same place. The Raleigh companies both called at the residence of Col. John E. Brown, on North Trade street, where Mrs. Jackson lives, and gave three cheers for her. In response to these Miss Julia, the only daughter of the immortal Stonewall, came out and presented companies with a bouquet, after which upon returning to camp, each of the companies fired a salute in honor of the widow of the christian hero. The Newbern band and fire company called also, and gave three cheers for Mrs. Jackson. They, too, were presented with flowers by Miss Julia, after which the firemen were received by, and shook hands with, Mrs. Jackson. They spent a few moments in the parlor, looking at a large portrait of the General, then solemnly departed, many of them wiping away the fast falling tears. The compliment implied in this action of the companies was a beautiful tribute, not only to one of the greatest soldiers of ancient or modern times, but as well to one of the noblest and most loveable of women—to her who was, and who was well worthy to be, the wife of General Stonewall Jackson.

The Richmond Whig says: Some very eccentric and brutal crimes which have been committed in Boston have attracted much attention to what some of the newspapers call 'Bostonian diabolism,' and the Hub is unmercifully berated by various journals. When Boston is rebuked by Chicago it is time indeed for her to open her eyes and to set about the work of reform. The Chicago Tribune, shocked at the atrocities committed in Boston, pours out a column of invective. It says: The fountain head of Puritanism, the locality of anniversaries, the centre of all moralities and all the reforms, seem to have lapsed into a condition of crime which is simply infernal. This great city of churches and schools and missionary societies, this inaugurator of radical reforms for the amelioration of mankind, and of moral notions for the good of the race, has started upon a course of crime which is as diabolical as it is ingenious. * * There must be something radically wrong in a community boasting of its civilization, which is characterized by such fiendish crimes, something which indicates that the reforms most needed in Boston are a righteous judge, the sheriff, and the hangman.

Vice President Wilson failed to secure the confidence of the darkies at Memphis, as is shown by the following conversation between two of the ebony-hued race last week: 'Say, Bill, what's de name ob dat fellah from Washin'ton? Hab you seed him?' 'Yes, I seed him. He's gwine to start a nudder Freedman's Bank.' 'De debbil he is!' 'Well, dat's enuff for me.'

Circuses in North Carolina are taxed $1,000 per day for exhibiting. This was adopted by the Legislature as a reform measure.

The ladies of Texas are endeavoring to collect money for the purpose of purchasing a home for Jefferson Davis in that State and presenting it to him.

The Raleigh News says: Among the pleasant incidents which followed the painful accidents at Charlotte of some of their suffering, was the prompt and unremitting attention of the ladies of the place to the wounded. None were more assiduous in attention than Mrs. Stonewall Jackson. One of the wounded was Mr. Bingham, well known to have been a Federal soldier, and an artillerymen during the war. This was known to Mrs. J., yet she sent him a bouquet, accompanied with a kind note inclosing ten dollars, regretting that her circumstances prevented a larger donation. She afterwards visited the wounded man in person, sitting at his bedside, and ministering to his wants with the most tender concern. And she has repeated her visits daily, and will probably do so as long as Mr. Bingham remains in Charlotte.

We have received from the office of the Norfolk Landmark a neat volume, Sketches of North Carolina, by ex-Governor Vance, together with an Elegise and other Poems, by J. Barron Hope. Every North Carolinian should procure a copy, as the sketches of our State are very interesting and exceedingly valuable for future reference. The poems gives an additional interest to the volume.

A Nashville dispatch says, the Supreme Court has decided that the State is not bound for the payment of the new issue known as the war issue of Tennessee money, amounting to eight hundred thousand dollars.

Justice Bradley, of the United States Court, and District Judge Erskine, refused to enjoin the sale of the Macon and Brunswick railroad, or to appoint a receiver as petitioned for by John P. Branch of Virginia.

A Philadelphian named Keeley, claims to have discovered a vapor which is far more powerful than steam as a motor, cost nothing, occupies but little space, and will move steamers around the world as cheaply as sailing vessels, and will reduce freight to one half rates.

The third son of the late General Breckenridge is named 'Owen County,' out of gratitude to that county for the very large majority it gave him over Gov. Letcher in his Congressional race in '53.

The survivors of the Hampton Legion of Confederate soldiers will hold a re-union in Columbia, South Carolina, on the fourteenth anniversary of the first battle of Manassas, the 21st of July next.

General Colston and Gen. Loring, ex-Confederate soldiers, both high up in the service of His Majesty of Egypt, are making character as soldiers and great credit as explorers in Africa.

The State Medical Association which met in Wilson last week, elected Dr. P. E. Hines, of Raleigh, President for the ensuing years. The next meeting will be in Fayetteville.

The Concord Sun has been suspended, in consequence of the death of its late editor, C. F. Harris.

The Baltimore Sun states that Mrs. Senator Sumner is to marry Mr. Henry Jones a clerk in the New York Customhouse.

Rubber horse shoes are being introduced. They cost a little more than iron ones.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS; May 28.—The French Catholic church at South Holyoke has been burned. The candle on the altars fired the drapery. Most of those in the body of the church escaped. Those in the gallery mostly perished. The services had nearly closed, and vespers were being sung. There was but one exit from the gallery which extended around the building. There were seven hundred worshippers present, seventy-five of whom perished. The efforts of the people to get into the church and rescue their friends increased the confusion and added to the disaster. Personal violence had to be used in several instances to keep the women from rushing into the flames to save their children. The church was established seven years ago. The Parish includes all the French Catholics in the vicinity, numbering 2,500.

The church was built in 1870 was one hundred by sixty feet, two stories high, and entirely of pine. The galleries on the sides and North end were about twenty-five feet wide. There were two doors in the North end and a vestibule from which two doors opened in the body of the church. The galleries opened the vestibule. At the rear end was another door by which a few persons escaped. Immediately upon the breaking out of the flames all the occupants of the galleries rushed to the East and crowded it so that they fell upon one another and choked up the doorway so with their bodies piled in all the ways seven or eight feet deep, where most of the lives were lost. From this mass Chief Mullen rescued one young woman after taking off two dead bodies from above her. It was almost impossible to face the flames, and Chief Mullen and others had their clothes almost burned from them, and were badly burned themselves about the hands. In the rear of the church was the Priest's residence, which was also destroyed. The walls were pulled down after the fire was nearly put out. One woman jumped from the highest window down upon the front steps, breaking an arm, but she is not known to have been otherwise injured. A man with two children in his arms jumped from the window and escaped. One poor woman, enveloped in flames shrieked out 'for God's sake, save me!' and she was dragged out by John Lynch.

The latest dispatch to the Republican from Holyoke says' 'tis quite certain that all the ladies have been taken from the ruins. In the haste to get as many as possible from the building before it fell, many were taken out a short distance, and it is possible that a few more may be taken from the debris.

THE MECKLENBURG ORATOR.

The Charlotte correspondent of the New York Herald gives the following interesting sketch of the orator of the Mecklenburg celebration, Hon. John Kerr. The correspondent says:

Hon. John Kerr, was selected by the Centennial Association, to deliver the Mecklenburg oration, is though a native of Virginia, one of the most distinguished citizens of North Carolina. He is about sixty-five years of age, is the son of the Rev. John Kerr, of Virginia, who was for many years a Representative in Congress from that State, and was regarded while living as one of the greatest orators of his day. His son, inheriting in a marked degree the eloquence of his father, moved to Caswell county, North Carolina, while very young, where he began the practice of law about 1831 or 1832, since which time he has occupied several positions of honor and trust in the State. He represented Caswell county in the Legislature for a number of terms and was elected to Congress about 1845 or 46, where he served with great distinction. He was afterward elected Judge, which position he filled with marked ability for a lengthy period to the war. During the term from 1861 to 1865 he remained at his home in the practice of his profession, which he continued until last fall, when he was again elected Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State. His selection as orator is due to his great literary ability, his rare eloquence and his patriotic and distinguished services to North Carolina.

MARKETS.

DANVILLE, Va., May 28th.

Reported by S. H. Holland & Co., Receipts light and market very active.

Lugs, Very common	7.00 to 8.00
" Good "	10.00 to 11.00
" common bright,	14.00 to 14.00
"fancy"Smokers,	15,00 to 20,00
Leaf, common red	11.00 to 12.00
" good	13.00 to 15.00
Wrappers, Medium	25,00 to 35,00
" Fine,	50.00 to 60.00
" " Extra	75.00 to 100.00

DURHAM May 28th

Corrected by Reams and Walker.

LUGS.—Dark,	8 to 10
Red,	8 to 12
Bright.—Com.	12 to 15
Good,	15 to 20
Fine,	25 to 30
Fancy,	30 to 45
Red Leaf.—Com. dark,	10 to 12
Good,	12 to 14
Fine,	15 to 20
Bright Wrap.—Com.	20 to 30
Medium,	25 to 40
Fine,	50 to 60
Extra,	60 to 90

COTTON.—Raleigh May 28th.—The market firm, receipts light. Low middlings at 14¾ 15 a; stained at 13¾a14.

We are indebted to the Raleigh News for our Cotton reports.

Wilmington, 28th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 15½; low middlings 13¼.

Norfolk, 28th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 15½a15⅝.

FLOUR.—Flour Markets dull and prices rule low. Raleigh, May 28th, North Carolina $7,25@$7.50.

Provisions.—Raleigh May 28th. Western shoulders 10a11½c. Clear rib 13½. Hams 17½a18.

Wheat.—Richmond 28th. No material changes, prices for both Red and White ranging between 1,50 to 1.53.

List Your Taxes.

ALL persons liable for Corporation Tax, are hereby notified that the Board of Assessors, for the Town of Hillsboro, will be in session at the Court House on Friday and Saturday the 18th and 19th of June next, for the purpose of receiving and listing all Poll's and property liable for Taxation for the year 1875.

All persons failing to list their Polls and property will be charged a Double Tax.

JOHN M. BLACKWOOD, M. P.

June 2nd '75 2t.

THE RALEIGH NEWS.

DAILY AND WEEKLY,

PUBLISHED BY

The News Publishing Company,

Devoted to the best interests of the State of North Carolina, to the success of the Conservative party, the development of the hidden wealth of the State, the cause of immigration into our midst, and the advancement of the welfare of our people in everything that serves to make a State prosperous and independent. Its

ADVERTISING COLUMNS

will be found of great advantage, as the Daily enjoys the largest circulation of any Daily in the State, and is double that of any Daily published in Raleigh, and the Weekly circulates in every county in the State. Rates moderate.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Daily—one year,	$5.00.
" 6 months,	3,00.
Weekly—one year,	1,00.

JOHN D. CAMERON, Editor.
JORDAN STONE, Ass. Editor.
E. C. WOODSON, Local Editor.

CASH PRICES $50 00 PER TON OF 2,000 pounds.

TIME PRICE $58 00 PER 2,000 lbs. Payable Nov. 1.

THE High Standard of Quality has been fully Maintained, and it is Considered by those who have given it a Fair Trial the

BEST AND CHEAPEST,
Fertilizer Manufactured.

LIBERAL AND ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS FOR LARGE LOTS, GIVEN ON APPLICATION.

LOCAL AGENTS
AT ALL THE PRINCIPAL DEPOTS.

DeROSSET & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For North Carolina and Virginia, at WILMINGTON, N. C.

Jan. 27 4m.

T. P. BRADSHAW, Agent, Oaks.

WE OFFER
OUR STANDARD FERTILIZERS

For the Season of 1875, delivered on the Cars, at our Factory, at the following

REDUCED PRICES:

SOLUBLE NEVASSA GUANO

At $53.00 per Ton, CASH, or $60 00, payable 1st of November, next:

NAVASSA ACID PHOSPHATE,

At $33.00 per Ton, Cash, or $38.00, payable 1st of November next.

WE GUARANTEE that the previous High Grade of our Fertilizers shall be fully MAINTAINED.

R. BRIDGERS, President.
D. McRAE, Treasurer.
C. L. GRAFFLIN, Superintendent.
H. P. JONES & CO., Agents, Hillsboro.

Navassa Guano Company,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

feb. 3 3m.

'AT BROWN'S.'

GRAND OPENING OF

Spring Millinery and Ladies Notions.

ALL NEW.

WILL be pleased to show my Goods. Prices as low as the lowest. Call and Examine.

MATTIE TAYLOR.

WANTED.

ALL kinds of Country Produce—for New Goods.

MATTIE TAYLOR,
Milliner and Dress Maker,
"At Brown's."

IF you want fine French Artificials, Hats and Bonnets. Go to

april 14. tf. MRS. TAYLOR'S.

Orange House.

THE Public are informed that this well known HOUSE is no longer open as a HOTEL. But a cordial invitation is extended to share its hospitalities as a

Private Boarding House

where every effort will be made to make the guest AT HOME by the tender of the best fare that the Market affords, and by every care and attention that it is possible to bestow.

Summer visitors in anticipation of hot weather, will to take the Orange House in consideration in connection with their plans.

L. L. HASELL.

April 6th '75. tf.

Dr. D. A. Robertson,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office up stairs in Berry's brick building, as heretofore.

WILL continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Mon day of every month.

And spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same they were before the war.

Orders left with Charles M. Parks' will be promptly attended to. March 4 3y.

GRAVES'
WAREHOUSE,
DANVILLE, VA.,
FOR THE SALE OF
LEAF-TOBACCO.

TWO and a half per cent. covers all charges for selling Tobacco at my house, and I guarantee as high prices as good handling of Tobacco, and as prompt attention to business as any house in this market. Respectfully,

Wm. P. Graves.

Jan. 27 3m.

Danville Shoe Store.

(Opposite Planters National Bank.)

I am now in receipt of my SPRING STOCK of Ladies, Misses, and Children's, Gent's, Boys' and Youths' Boots and Shoes of all kinds.

I offer these goods to my customers and the public generally at prices as low as are obtained for same class of Goods ANYWHERE in the United States.

Special care has been exercised in the selection of my Stock, to avoid all shoddy and worthless Goods; and I am prepared to say that the SHOES in my stock are all made to order and warranted to give satisfaction.

I respectfully solicit an inspection of my stock and comparison of prices.

JOS. L. TYACK,
Danville, Shoe and Hat Store.

april 21.

Marshall C. Cameron,
Dentist.

Late with Dr. D. A. ROBERTSON.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Hillsboro and vicinity. CHARGES moderate, and satisfactory reference given if desired. Persons will be waited upon at their Homes, until I can arrange a suitable Office. All orders left at Dr. Bookers, Drug Store, will be promptly attended to.

Dec. 9th 1874. 6m.

This is to certify that Marshall Cameron, of Hillsboro, N. C. has been a student in my office for three years, commencing Nov. 10th 1871 and ending Nov. 10th 1874. I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Marshall Cameron to any who may need his services as a dentist, feeling sure that he will do justice to his patients, and honor to his profession.

Nov. 16 '74. D. A. ROBERTSON.

Pepper's Saloon
AND
RESTAURANTS.

White Front, Wilmington St.,
Second Door South of Burgett St., Near his old Stand now known as the Carolina House. RALEIGH N. C.

W. R. PEPPER, the most distinguished Caterer in the South, will open his new Saloon and Restaurant, as above, to-day, Thursday October 1st. The best of everything in the business will be found at Pepper's, served up in Pepper's best style.

Norfolk Oysters. Meal at all hours.

W. R. PEPPER.

Nov. 18 3m.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable Tract of LAND lying between the Chapel Hill and Pittsboro Roads, two miles South-west of Hillsboro, known as the Henry Witherspoon place. Containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

On the premises are a good dwelling house, containing four rooms and a kitchen house. There is a small orchard of excellent fruit, and the fruit on the place is never, or rarely ever killed by frost.

There are two springs near the house of excellent water, one of them remarkably copious.

There are about seven acres of Meadow land which can be irrigated on both sides for its whole length.

There is a sufficiency of fine wood and timber for the necessary repairs to fences and buildings.

TERMS OF SALE:

One thousand dollars. One half cash, balance in one and two years. Title reserved until the last payment is made.

Purchasers are invited to visit the premises and to apply to Hamilton and Graham, Esq'rs. for further information.

WILLIAM STRUDWICK.

Jan. 20 '75. tf.

The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY ..... JUNE 2 1875.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the Recorder for 1874.
For 1 year. $2 00.
" 6 months. 1.00.

Payments always in advance.

Job printing done neatly cheaply and promptly.

See fourth page with lot Ads and interesting reading matter.

The weather is everything that could be wished for wheat—cool dry and clear. The harvest will be ten days later than last year.

Tens of thousands of tobacco plants were set out last week. The prospects of the tobacco are more encouraging than they were a month ago.

Rice Birds.

The oat fields and in some instances, the wheat fields are infested with flocks of rice birds who really are doing much mischief. They are nearly as abundant as in the rice fields. They are in their summer costume, and with their gay colors and lively notes would be very attractive visitors if their beauty and music were not counter-balanced by their mischievous habits.

The Barracks.

The Examination at Horner & Graves' school occupied all of Tuesday and Wednesday, and the exercises concluded on Thursday with the usual speeches which all acquitted themselves very much to the satisfaction of the audience; particularly Messrs. Ernest Haywood, J. Horner and Robert Strange. After the regular exercises were over, the evening concluded with a dance, which merrily chased "old Father Time, until the wee sma' hours gave warning, that t'was time to say good morning." Everything passed off, pleasantly; and to the infinite satisfaction of all participating.

The children of the Baptist Sunday School will have a Pic-nic at Shier's Ford on Friday the 11th inst.

New Bell.

The colored Methodist church has been supplied with a new bell, not a particularly fine-toned one, but contributing its full share to Sabbath calls to worship.

Change of Schedule.

The notice of change which went into effect on Sunday was received too late for this issue. It will appear in our next. In the mean time for the information of our readers we give the following abstract.

Mail train going East leaves Greensboro at 3,15 a. m. passing Hillsboro about 6, and reaching Raleigh at 8,25 a. m. Going west leaves Raleigh at 9,42 p. m. passing Hillsboro about 11,20 and reaching Greensboro at 2,15 a. m.

Pic Nic.

The pupils of the Methodist Sunday School enjoyed on Friday the pleasures of a pic-nic on the mountains. The day was in every respect a charming one, and their happiness was without alloy.

Accident.

A colored train hand by name York Prevy, was badly crushed last Wednesday afternoon at the depot here while engaged in coupling cars on the freight train. He was caught between two bumpers, and so severely injured as to require immediate surgical aid. His friend took him away on Friday and we have not learned his condition since.

The Watt Plough.

Farmers, especially Grangers, can be supplied with the famous Watt plough at cost on application to Dr. T. J. Wilson. This is no speculation nor is it in opposition to any one, but is done from a sincere desire to reduce the expenses of the farmer as much as possible.

P. B. Pogue.

We call special attention to the superior brand of Pogue's tobacco "the Gold Dollar." This is a brand so good that merchants or dealers have no need to go to Virginia for a good article. Pogue is now working up to his full capacity. His house is perfectly sound and reliable, and we commend it to public confidence.

In this connection we feel sorry to disappoint the fond expectations of our friend of the Tobacco Plant. Mr. Pogue intends to give Durham a race instead of transferring his business to that thriving little burg.

An Important Case.

Judge Schenck issued a writ of *habeas corpus* on yesterday, to have A. S. Buford, President, and W. H. Green, Superintendent, of the Richmond & Danville Railroad brought before him at Chambers, at 5 o'clock P. M. to-day. These gentlemen were arrested by Cyrus P. Mendenhall, Esq; Mayor of Greensboro, for violating the statue prohibiting said railroad from altering the gague. Gov. Brogden and Solicitor Strudwick were notified by telegram of the time of the return of the writ. The application was made to Judge Schenck because Judge Kerr, of the Greensboro District was absent, holding court in the Wilmington Circuit, and Judge McKoy, with whom he had changed circuits, had gone home to Wilmington, having held all the courts in Judge Kerr's District. We understand that the defendants are represented by Capt. Sam Ashe, of Raleigh and Judge Marshall, of Richmond, Va.—Charlotte Observer.

Grange Lecture.

Mr J. B. Smith, the State Lecture of the Granges will lecture in Hillsboro on the 8th instant next Tuesday. This will be the only place in the county at which he will speak. Let the Grangers attend.

Letter from Texas.

We publish the following from our old friend Alvis Ray, and are gratified to find he is so well pleased with his new home, and no doubt it deserves all he says of it, if it holds out. But we remember the wonderful fluctuations in the climate of Texas, and which one or more years be those super-abundance, reverses and changes, droughts and other casualties must be expected. We advise our young men to tough it out in Orange which they can, make a perfect garden with industry and intelligence.

Kaufman, Kaufman Co., Texas. }
May 16th, '75. }

MR. EDITOR:

Will you allow me a small space in your columns for the purpose, of letting the many friends left behind in the old North State, hear a few words from Texas? If you recollect, I left old Orange on the 15th day of Sept. 1868. while you were the R R agent. I traveled from there to the State of Ill. with a team in company with my brother and sister, and from there, here by Rail. And from N. C. Via Illinois, I have not seen such a country as Texas. We have as fine land as there is in the world. The soil is from four to six feet deep, is a black sandy loam, and is very easily cultivated, and will make from fifty to seventy-five bushels of corn and twenty-five to forty of wheat and from one and half to two bales of cotton to the acre, which can always be sold at high prices, on account of so many coming into this State. Good land can be bought from $1 to $3 per acre. And that is not all; we have the finest climate I ever saw, not too warm, with pleasant nights. The water is good, both hard and soft. And society never was better in any country. Just here, let me say that agreat many, Nashes live here, and I well know they are of the same family of Nashes that live in Hillsboro, as, they all look alike, and say they had connections in that State. They are very wealthy, and with it all, very kind, and Democratic from the top to the bottom, while the whole State is the same. Our campaign will soon commence on our Constitutional Convention, which will meet this fall, and you will hear good news from Texas as Radicalism is no more here and will make such a Constitution as the people need and can live under, and without the aid of Radicals or carpet-baggers as, no such will be allowed a seat in the Convention.

Kaufman is the County seat of Kaufman county, and is thirty miles south east of Dallas, and is a fine settled inland town of about 1500 inhabitants and about twenty places of business with four churches, one school house, masonic and odd fellow lodge. Dallas is a fine City at the west end of the Texas and Pacific Rail Road with a population 16000 inhabitants, while in this (Kaufman co.) Lawrence and Terrell are young Rail Road Towns, and they are going up like magic. Here in Lawrence lives John F. Frances who married a daughter (I think) of Alfred Waddell of your County. But as you are in that family you may know better than I do. He is a fine gentleman. In conclusion, let me say if you see any of the young men looking out for a new home, say to them to come to Texas where they can be suited and have plenty to eat and not work themselves to death.

We are now just into harvest with the finest crop of wheat I ever saw; no smut, rust or chinch bug ever known here. Our corn is very fine it is now waist high cotton doing fine, and we do not feed even the horses we work, work all day and turn them out at night and are in better order than yours in old Orange on all the feed you can give them. Fearing I have trespassed on your time will close.

Yours truly,
PETER A. RAY.

STATE NEWS.

The North State says that three men bought a gallon of whiskey from a distillery in Guilford. After drinking a while one of them died, and the other two were in a critical condition.

The Rocky Mount Mail says a man named Flemming was thrown from a buggy in that place on Sunday last breaking his jaw bones, and otherwise seriously hurting himself. He had been drinking freely.

They have bought at Tolsnot this season 7,500 dozen eggs. Tolsnot is a growing town.

The Wilmington Journal says an old colored woman died in the Poor House of New Hanover who is believed to have been 117 years old. She was not a nurse of General Washington.

The Salisbury Watchman says the murder of Mrs. Heilig was the most brutal ever committed. The body was drawn from the well into which it had evidently been thrown before death and the head of the old lady was gashed and cut and the skull fractured. The son in law of the old lady—a worthless fellow named William Meksimer is in jail, charged with the deed.

The Watchman speaks glowingly of the clover lots about town. Why will not the people take hints so broadly given, and do on a more general scale what proves so profitable on a small one? Clover and grass is what we want, and what bountiful nature will give us if we meet her half way.

The Watchman is very earnestly urging the construction of the North Carolina and Virginia Rail Road. The proposed terminus of the road is Mount Airy. If Salisbury gets all the rail roads she wishes—and we sincerely hope she may, she will recover some of her lost ground.

Mr. N. W. Woodfin, a distinguished lawyer of Buncombe county died in Asheville a few days since. He was taken ill soon after the close of two very laborious trials for murder in which he appeared for the defence. Mr. W. was about 67 years of age.

Mrs. Minerva Strother, wife of John J. Strother, living near Perrys Chapel in Franklin County, committed suicide by shooting herself through the head with a pistol. Her death was instant. The cause is unknown.

The Military companies of Raleigh, the Light Infantry and the Artillery offered their services to participate in the decoration of the graves of the Federal dead in the National Cemetery on the 31st.

A large number of Penitentiary convicts are now employed by the cotton planters around Raleigh in chopping out cotton. The employers pay the State 60 cents a day. It is a bargain mutually satisfactory. Of course the convicts work under guard, but they do so cheerfully and do twice as much as the hirelings usually employed.

Ten more convicts were received in the Penitentiary last week five from Rockingham, four from Lenoir and one from Lincoln.

The number confined is now upwards of 600 and still they come.

The old Masonic building in Raleigh is soon to be sold. The Fraternity are about to occupy rooms in the Fisher building. Work on the Temple has gone no farther than digging out the foundation.

The Observer says the line of telegraph has been completed from Charlotte to Shelby, making an unbroken connection from Wilmington to the extreme of the Carolina Central.

The Observer corrects the report of the existence of the scarlet fever in Charlotte, a few weeks ago. There were a few cases, but the disease has disappeared, and there is not a case now in the city.

The little child of Capt. Erwin of Charlotte who was so severely scalded last week has since died.

A good physician is wanted to take Dr Houston's practice, at Mt. Ulla, Rowan county.

Col. Charlotte, of the Atlantic Hotel at Beaufort, has sent a monster turtle to Cap. R. D. Graham, of Charlotte, the shell of which is sufficiently large to allow the chickens, the turkeys, the pups and one thing and another in the lot of Dr. Graham, to go into night quarters under it.—Caldwell is responsible for this whopper.

The burglars of Wilmington are becoming even more daring. One of them a few nights since entered the residence of Mr. H. Marens, on Second Street and went into his daughter's room. Once inside, he put out the light, lowered the curtain on the window, and unlocked the door. When the young lady awoke he had her by the hand, on which there was a beautiful amethyst ring, and which he was probably trying to remove. She boldly seized him by the collar of his coat, with both hands, and called for her father. The man struggled to free himself, and finally succeeded, just in time to save himself, and to make good his escape from the second story of the piazza as the father appeared upon the scene with a pistol in hand. The rascal was fired upon as he made the leap for the ground. So we learn from the Journal.

IN MEMORIAM.

At an informal meeting of the North Carolina Press Association, held at the editorial rooms of the Charlotte OBSERVER, in the city of Charlotte on the 20th of May, 1875, the undersigned were appointed to prepare resolutions expressive of regret, at the death of Chas. F. Harris, Esq; late a member of this Association. The following resolutions were submitted and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The Supreme Ruler of the Universe, on the 15th inst; called from time eternity, our late friend and brother, Chas. F. Harris, late editor of the Concord Sun, and the State Agricultural Journal, therefore,

Resolved, In the death of brother Harris, this Association has lost one of its brightest members; the scintillations of whose brilliant wit and sparkling genius will be seriously missed in the State.

Resolved, That whatever the faults, and foibles of our late brother may have been, we cheerfully cover them up with the broad mantle of charity, and remember only his virtues, which were as manly and as bright as the sparkling dew-drops on the morning rose.

Resolved, That as a token of our affection and remembrance of our late brother, and in token of our regret, the members of this Association wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect, one page of the minute book of this Association, and one page in the published proceedings of the 3rd annual meeting of this society be left blank, in honor of his memory.

Resolved, That the members of the North Carolina Press Association, be requested to publish these proceedings, and that a copy of the same be sent to the family of the deceased.

CHAS. R. JONES,
JOS. A. ENGLEHARD,
J. F. MURRILL, } Com.

Our Living and Our Dead.

The Charlotte Observer says a circular just received from the proprietor of this magazine, informs us that, on the 1st of July, it will enter upon a new volume, and that 16 pages will be added to its present size. The subscription will not be changed, however, but will remain at $3 per annum. This is essentially a North Carolina publication; it is a record of our glory in the days of "war's shrill alarum," and now in the "piping time of peace," is a replex of our literary culture in a State. It is contributed to by our best novelists, poets, historians and critics, and has a publication which every consideration of state pride appeals to us to support. North Carolina cannot afford to let it die, and it will not die if our people but half to their duty by it. We make this appeal in behalf of Our Living and Our Dead, because it is well worthy of the patronage of our people, and because we all should feel an interest in its welfare. It is devoted to History, Literature, Education, Science, Genealogy and Statistics, and is published monthly at Raleigh, by Col. S. D. Pool.

Six professors will be elected for the University at the meeting of the Trustees on the 16th June.

The employees of this office acknowledge with pleasure an invitation to the Baptist Sunday school pic-nic.

DIED.

In this vicinity on the 25th inst; Mrs. Margaret Riley, after a long and protracted illness, of dyspepsia. She was about 37 years of age.

WANTED.

AN Alumnus of Davidson College desires a position as teacher for the ensuing year, in a moral community that appreciates the advantages of an education. Excellent testimonials from North Carolina, as well as from Texas and Kentucky where he has been teaching, can be shown if desired.

Also he desires to obtain employment, for the next three months in any honorable capacity. He is a good scribe. Address

J. N. H. SUMMERELL,
June 2 pd. 3t. Salisbury, N. C.

JUST OPENED
AT
BLACKWOOD'S.

A NICE line of Mens and Boys HATS, latest Styles.

Also, a nice assortment of SHOES, embracing Misses, Ladies, and Childrens,

All of which will be sold very low for CASH.

Call and examine, before making your purchases.

We charge nothing for showing goods.

Will be pleased to see you.

Hillsboro, May 19th, '75.

WOOL CARDING.
NEAR
OAKS, ORANGE CO. N. C.

OUR Machines are now in splendid order and we are prepared to do work that cannot be excelled in the State.

We have a Burrer and Picker attached to our Machines, thereby saving the labor of Picking and Burring your Wool, before bringing it for Carding. Grease furnished if desired.

OUR TERMS—Those bringing their Wool to our Machine, will be charged Eight cents per pound, or one Fifth of the Wool. Colored Wool will be charged 12½ cents., 10 if brought to the Machine. Those finding it more convenient to do so, can leave their Wool at J. M. BLACKWOOD'S Store, Hillsboro, and at Mebanesville Depot. We will receive it there, card and return it for 10 cts. per pound. Work executed with dispatch. M. W. MOORE & CO.

May 5. Oaks, N. C.

FITS CURED FREE!!

ANY person suffering from the above disease is requested to address DR. PRICE, and a trial bottle of medicine will be forwarded by Express.

FREE!

The only cost being the Express charges, which owing to my large business, are small.

Dr. Price has made the treatment of

FITS OR EPILEPSY

a study for years, and he will warrant a cure by the use of his remedy.

Do not fail to send to him for a trial bottle; it costs nothing, and he

WILL CURE YOU

no matter of how long standing your case may be, or how many other remedies may have failed. Circulars and testimonials sent with

FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.

Be particular to give your Express, as well as your Post Office direction, and

Address, DR. CHAS. T. PRICE,
April 21 3y. 67 William Street, New York.

NOTICE.
Wm. J. Hay's.

WILL be at *HILLSBORO*, June 1st. When you can be supplied with

PICTURES,

taken in any style you may desire. This is a good opportunity. Call and examine.

Terms: Moderate. Satisfaction given or no charge made. May 27th.

J. C. VAN HOOK, M. F. JONES,
F. B. RUFFIN, JAS. F. CAIN,
Proprietors.

GRANGE
WAREHOUSE
AT
RAIL ROAD DEPOT,
HILLSBORO, N. C.
BY
VAN HOOK, JONES & CO.,
SALE DAYS
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of each week.

☞ Charges as low as those of any other house in the county.

May 19 tf.

CASH FEVER AT BROWN'S.

SORRY TO SAY I HAVE CAUGHT IT. My notion was, Man was Born on a credit and Died on credit.

110 Bbl. best Flour at Granger price, MEAL, BACON, FLOUR, CHEESE and BUTTER, in store from out of the State—is this best Grangers. I offer the largest Stock of

New Staple Goods, Hats, Boots, and Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Groceries and Confectioneries, that I have done for years. Will open

TO-DAY

The largest Best Selected Stock of Boots and Shoes

In this section for Sale LOW. Best prints that cost 11 cts. I offer at 10 cts as others do. 'I WILL TRY IT.'

april 7. HENRY N. BROWN.

☞ ECONOMIZE BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF LEVY BROTHERS,

Who are now Selling at Smaller Profits than Ever.

Mixed Wash-Goods at 10 and 12½c. worth 15 and 25c per yard;
Striped Wash-Poplins at 12½c regular price everywhere 25c;
Japanese Striped Poplins at 15, 20, 25, 30c and 35c per yard worth 20 cent more;
Striped Silks at 75c, 90c, $1 and $1.25 per yard, which is from 25 to 50ct per yard below regular prices;
Delages, Plaid MOHAIRS, Balentine Cloud Lustres, and other new and desirable styles of DRESS GOODS at great bargains;
Linen Lawns at 25 and 30c. per yard worth 35c;
Black Alpacas and Mohairs from 20c. up to $1.50 per yard;
Linen for Dresses in great variety;
A large lot of GRENADINES for dress at 10 and 12½c. per yard worth from 20 to 35c per yard;
Black Grenadines from 12½c up to $1.50 a yard;
Dress Goods for Mourning—such as Bombazine, Tambe, Delaines, Australian Cloths, &c.;
Black Silks at 75 85c., $1 $1.25, $1.35, 1.40, 1.50, 1.75, 2, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3, 3.25, 3.50, and $4—all of which are very much below the regular prices;
Lancaster Cambrics at 12½c. per yard;
A large stock of the best Percales at 10 and 12½c per yard;
Tucked Cambric for Skirts, 1¼ yards wide; 31 5-8c. worth $1 per yard;
Yard-wide Tucked Cambric at 25c. per yard worth 50c;
A large stock of remnants of DRESS GOODS of every Description;
Hamburgh Net for Sacques, Tabiers and Polonaises, and Trimming Laces for same;
Corduroy at 60, 65 and 75c. per yard worth from 85c. to $1;
A large stock of *Cassimeres, Cloths, Vestings, Ducks and Drillings* at prices to suit the times;
Ready-Made Garments in great variety at lower prices than ever;
Hamburgh Edgins and Insertings in endless variety;
Also, a full assortment of Yak, Guipure, Valenciennes, Lisle, Bobbin and Colored Laces and Edgings;
Shetland Shawls at $1.25 $1.50, 2, 2.50, $3, $4 and $5;
Black Lace Points, Shawls and Sacques at prices to suit everybody;
Hoop-Skirts and Bustles of the latest styles;
SUMMER BALMORAL SKIRTS;
Window-Shades in great variety, among which will be found the new style IMITATION lace Shades;
Lace and Nottingham Curtains at extraordinary bargains;
A large assortment of Cornices, Bands, Loops and Knobs, for curtain trimmings;
Knottingham Laces from 12½c. up to $1.25 per yard;
Also, a large assortment of Nottingham Lace Lambraquins;
Embroidered Curtain Muslin, 18 yards wide at 25c. worth 50c. per yard;
Linen Carriage Dusters in great variety, and material for lining carriages;
Doylies or Fringed Napkins, warranted all linen at 50c, 75c and $1 per dozen, would be cheap at 75c $1 and $1.25 per dozen;
Linen Napkins at $1, $1.25, 1.50 and up to $3 per dozen, being the largest and cheapest stock ever offered in this city;
Huckaback Towels, pure linen, at $1.25, $1.50, 1.75, $2, and up to $3 per dozen;
Damask Towels, pure linen, at $2.50, $3, 3.25, $4, and up to $15 per dozen;
Initial Note Paper, at 12½, 15, 20 and 25c. per box, worth 50 per cent more;
Silk Ties of the latest styles from 12c up to $3;
Silk Handkerchiefs or Mufflers from 25c. up to $2;
Ruffs and Ruffles in great variety at lower prices than ever;
Fringes, Gimps, Buttons, Braids;
Sewing Silks, Trimming Silks, Linings, &c. to match all of the new style dress goods;
Crape Veils in all sizes at extraordinary bargains and thousands of other articles to be sold at extremely low prices for Cash at

LEVY BROTHERS',
1017 and 1019 Main street,
may 10. RICHMOND, VA.

1875 SPRING 1875.

J. F. FREELAND, & Co.,
Durham, N. C.
DEALER IN
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,
GROCERIES and Dress Goods.

Persons visiting Durham, will find it to their interest to call, as they will find everything usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS HOUSE.

At bottom Prices. Call and see us.

Our Mr. Dickson, is with us and will be glad to see his old friends.

April 14 3m pd.

Nat. L. Brown,
RALEIGH, N. C.

DEALER in all kinds of *Musical Instruments, Strings and Trimmings for Violins, Guitars, Banjors,* CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.

BASKETS, Baskets, the largest assortment in the State.

Also General Agent for the celebrated ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS. Best for Churches, best for Schools, best for the Home Circles, best Everywhere. You can save money time and freight by purchasing from NAT L BROWN. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Raleigh, N. C.

Jan 7'75. tf.

LUMBER YARD
AT
HILLSBORO.

WILL open a large Stock of Goods this week.

A. C. MURDOCK.

Will open a large Stock of Carriage Trimmings WANTED—Lumber and Country Produce. No Clerks or Store rent to pay. I am satisfied the Merchants do not want to keep this line of Goods.

april 20. A. C. MURDOCK.

THE BANK OF MECKLENBURG,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Authorized Capital $500,000.

JAS. TURNER TATE, President.
THOS. W. DEWEY, Cashier.
P. H. DEWEY, Ass't. Cashier.

AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF
TATE & DEWEY.

THIS Bank Chartered under Act of the General Assembly, and duly organized under laws of the State of North Carolina, will, ample means, is prepared to transact

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

and furnish accommodations to all Customers on

LIBERAL TERMS.

The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check and will

Allow Interest According to Agreement,

on all Deposits left on time, or issue Certificates of Deposit bearing interest at the rate of

Eight per Cent per Annum,

on all sums lying undrawn over thirty days.

Gold and Silver Coin, Bullion and old Bank Notes Bought and Sold.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1 '1875, 1y. Cashier.

Oak City Mills;
RALEIGH, N. C.

WANTED for these Mills.

10,000 Bushels White Corn;
1,000 " Rye,
1,000 " Oats.

WILLIAMSON UPCHURCH & THOMAS
sept 16 6m. Agents for Oak City Mills.

W. J. BAKER, J. B. NEAL, W. B. SHEPARD;
Baker, Neal & Shepard,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, VA.

Agents for PATAPSCO GUANO.
Aug. 26.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS FROM
PETER SMITH,
The Leader of Low Prices,
IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS.
NO. 156 Main Street,
march 11 12m. NORFOLK, Va.

R. L. HICKSON,
DANVILLE, VA.
Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots, Shoes, Hats;
FURNITURE, CHINA, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c, &c.

I occupy FOUR of the LARGEST Stores in the place; and each branch of the business is conducted separately. In FURNITURE, I have the largest Stock South of Baltimore. Parties in want of LOW Priced or fine FURNITURE, would do well to call on me, before purchasing elsewhere, or Ladies in want of fine *DRY GOODS*, can save money by calling on me, or sending for Samples which will be cheerfully sent.

RICH'D. L. HICKSON,
Main Street,
jan. 13. Danville, Va.

T. J. WILSON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE and Residence, on corner of Queen and Churton sts. Where he can always be found except when absent Professionally.

Jan. 12 '74 1y.

THE DIXIE PLOW
RUNS EASY TO PLOWMAN AND TEAM.

WE are Agents for this very POPULAR PLOW, and any one wanting one can save money by buying from us.

To Farmers' Clubs and Granges we are prepared to give most liberal Terms.

THOS. H. HUGHES & SON,
feb 10. Hillsboro or Cedar Grove, N. C.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

To the Editor of Recorder—

Esteemed Friend:

Will you please inform your readers that I have a positive

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

and all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, and that, by its use in my practice, I have cured hundreds of cases, and will give

$1000.00

for a case it will not benefit. Indeed, so strong is my faith, I will send a SAMPLE, FREE, to any sufferer addressing me.

Please show this letter to any one you may know who is suffering from these diseases, and oblige, Faithfully yours,

DR. T. F. HURT,
april 21 3m 69 William St., New York.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....JUNE 2, 1875.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months—invariably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square 3 months $5—6 months $9—12 months $15
2 " 3 " $10—6 " $18—12 " $25
3 " 3 " $15—6 " $20—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $30—6 mo. $50—12 mo. $85
column 3 months $50—6 mo. $70—12 mo. $100

WHEN TO CUT WHEAT.

A correspondent of the Ohio Farmer says. "My experience has taught me that when the weather would permit and the harvest hands are comatable, the time to cut is when the grain is in a doughy state, or can be mashed with the thumb and finger, and the straw a bright, yellow, and before the heads turn down much.

Shock up and cap good. Should the weather be occasionally showery, put the wheat in long shocks. If favorable weather, in eight or ten days put in barn, or stack it. If stacked have them well topped.

Let the grain remain in stack at least two to four weeks to sweat before threshing. Stack the straw well for it may be needed.

You will then have wheat, of a variety, from which a competent miller can turn out a satisfactory quality of flour, and make the good housewife look pleasant when you come to sit down to nice bread, cakes, &c.

HAY.

It is said that Washington was once asked in what good farming consisted. He replied, "in making provender enough for horses and cattle." To be convinced of the wisdom of the answer it is only necessary for any sensible man to buy northern hay once in a life time at, say $2,00 or $2.50 per hundred. Yet many farmers do this annually. The hay crop North promises to be a short one as also the crop of the South; and the probability is that the coming year will witness unusually high prices. Can we not even now provide against the purchase of Northern hay?

We suggest that a small piece of land be well prepared and well manured and planted or rather sown in corn for fodder. Lay off rows, say 2½ feet apart and drill the corn, work it once or twice. Cut it when the fodder is ripe and manage it as top fodder is usually managed. The product of a single acre will astonish any one who has never tried.

It may be sown after the wheat or oats is cut; needs but little work, and is one hundred per cent. cheaper and better as a feed than the hay usually found in the market.

REMEDY FOR CABBAGE WORMS.

Hellebore, lime, salt and similar substance have been used with varied success for the destruction of cabbage worms. It is now stated that bran and flour answer the purpose better than any other remedies that have been tried. The bran is simply dusted over the infested cabbages as soon as the worms make their appearance. If the worms are very thick, about a handful of bran is required to each cabbage head and sometimes it is necessary to go over the plants the second time. A hundred weight of bran is sufficient for an acre. It must be applied when the worms are young. When they are full grown or very strong, it does not appear to affect them. The flour is sifted upon them by means of a sieve in the evening or in the morning when the dew is on the plants. If one application does not destroy the worms a second one should be made. It is probable that wheat flour, fine Indian meal or any other pulverulent farinaceous substance would have the same effect.—*American Garden.*

DESTROYING INSECTS.

A French horticulturist suggests this plan: "After sunset I place in the centre of my orchard an old barrel, the inside of which I have previously well tarred. At the bottom of the barrel I place a lighted lamp. Insects of many kinds, attracted by light, make for the lamp, and while circling around it, strike against the side of the barrel, where meeting with the tar, their wings and legs become so clogged that they fall helpless to the bottom. In the morning I examine the barrel, and frequently take out of it ten or twelve quarts of cockchafers, which I at once destroy. A few pence worth of tar employed in this way will, without any further trouble, be the means of destroying innumerable numbers of these insects, whose larvæ are amongst the most destructive pests the gardener or farmer has to contend against.—*Science of Health.*

To grow peaches the right way the trees should be headed every spring. By doing this the trees make a vigorous growth of young wood, and the result will be a plenty of fine peaches. It is on the young wood that the fruit grows, and the trees look so much better when headed in than when they are left to grow in their own way. I have done it to trees that were in my care, and last season they were a sight to see; such fine peaches would be hard to find elsewhere, and the trees had never yielded anything before, as the fruit was always small and fell off before it ripened.

Butter is composed of fat and a little albumen. When the temperature is raised, the albumen acts as a ferment, an decomposes the fat, converting it into acid—butyric. This is soluble in water. No matter how rancid your butter, it may be made perfectly sweet by washing.

SALT IN SICKNESS.

Dr. Scudder, editor of the Electric Medical Journal, says: I am satisfied that I have seen patients die from deprivatin of common salt during a protracted illness. It is a common impression that the food for the sick should not be seasoned, and whatever slop may be giving, it is almost innocent of this essential of life. In the milk diet that I recommend in sickness, common salt is used freely, the milk being boiled and given hot. And if the patient cannot take the usual quantity in his food, I have given it in drink. This matter is so important that it cannot be repeated too often or dwelt upon too long. The most marked example of this want of common salt I have ever noticed has been in surgical disease, especially in open wounds. Without a supply of salt the tongue would become broad, pallid pulpy, with a tenacious pasty coat, the secretions arrested, the circulation feeble, the effusion at the point of injury serious, with an unpleasant watery pus, which at last becomes a mere sanies, or ichor. A few days a free allowance of salt would change all this, and the patient would get along well.

It does not injure the best grasses on any permanent pasture to graze close; for those varieties which will not bear to be eaten down many days will die out and make room for those that will thicken into a perfect mat, like the sward so often met with in England, where there are many as seventy distinct varieties growing on any square yard in a field.

A foppish fellow, advised a friend not to marry a poor girl, as he would find matrimony with poverty "up hill work." Good, said his friend, "I would rather go up hill than down hill at any time."

A Lady having been ordered by her physician to a warmer climate, her husband remarked, that if there was a warmer climate than he had been living in since his marriage, he was not aware of it.

N. F. BURNHAM'S
TURBINE
WATER WHEEL

Was Selected, 4 years ago, and put to work in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. and has proved to be the BEST, 19 sizes made. Prices lower than any other first class Wheel. Pamphlet free. Address N F BURNHAM, York, Pa.

ACTUAL
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.
The Oldest, the Largest and the Best Business College in the United States.

Prof. J. M. Phillips is in charge of our Actual Business Department, and in daily attendance.

Our Illustrated College Journal, with Beautifully Flourished Eagle, sent by mail free of charge. Address.

E. K. LOSIER, President. Baltimore, Md.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address, GEO STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars free. P. O VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

Psychomancy, Or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies. A queer book 100,000 sold. Address T WILLIAM & Co. Publishers, Philadelphia.

ADVERTISER'S GAZETTE.

A JOURNAL of Information for Advertisers. Editon. 9,600 copies. Published Weekly. Terms, $2 per annum in advance.

Five Specimen Copies (Different Dates) to one address for 25 cents.

Office No. 41 Park Row, New York.
Geo. P Rowell & Co.,
Editors and Publishers.

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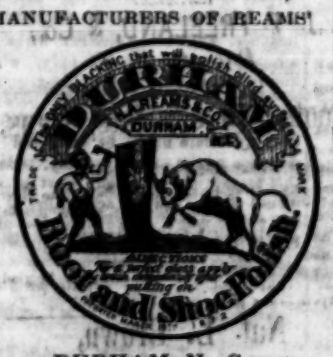
MANUFACTURERS OF REAMS'



DURHAM, N. C.
The Only BLACKING that will
Polish Over Oiled Surface
AND
PRESERVE THE LEATHER!

Warranted to excel all Others, or Money Refunded.

Can be sold low as other blacking. Liberal arrangements made with Merchants and Wholesale Dealers. april 14 3m.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
12th, Opposite Bank St. & Capitol Square
Richmond, Va.
T. W. Hoenniger,
PROPRIETOR.

A new and first class Hotel, furnished in 1874 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assures comfort to the travelling public. Mr. John P. Ballard, will be glad to see his old friends and patrons. sept 9 1y.

GEORGE PACE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
ALSO PATENT PORTABLE
STEAM ENGINES,
No 5 N. Schroeder st.
BALTIMORE, MD.

Grist Mills, Leffel's Turbine Water Wheels, Wood Working Machinery of all kinds, and Machinists' Supplies.

SEND FOR CATALOGUES.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never freeze, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing with stamp.

CHAS. G. BLACHLEY, Manufacturer.
506 Commerce St. Philadelphia, Pa.
feb 17.

S. P. WILLIAMSON, W. G. UPCHURCH, J. J. THOMAS
Williamson, Upchurch & Thomas.
53 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.
WHOLESALE
Grocers, Cotton Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving
200 Rolls heavy Cotton Bagging,
50 Bales Gunny Bagging,
2000 Yards Dundee Cotton Bagging,
1200 Bundles Cotton Ties,
1000 Pounds Bagging Twine,
And a general Stock of heavy
Groceries.

We sell Cotton for Fifty cents per Bale Commission.

REFER TO
W. F. Stroud, Chapel Hill,
J. W. Cheek, Durham.
Sept. 16th 6m.

President. Cashier.
Citizens' National Bank
OF
RALEIGH, N. C.
Authorized Capital, $500,000.
DEAL IN
Government and other Securities.
Nov. 14. 6m

John Armstrong.
No. 1 Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N C.
BOOK BINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer.

NEWSPAPERS, Magazines and Law Books of every description bound in the very best Style and at Lowest Prices. Jan 7 1y.

C. E. PARISH,
Attorney at Law,
Hillsboro, N. C.

PARTICULAR attention given to collections and cases in Bankruptcy.
Office in the Court House. [may 21 m

THEODORICK A. WILLIAMS, JOHN M. WILLIAMS
W C DICKSON.
T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
Nos. 2 and 4 Roanoke Square,
corner Roanoke Dock,
aug. 26 1y. NORFOLK, VA.

VICK'S
FLORAL GUIDE
FOR 1875.

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1846. THIRTIETH YEAR. 1875.
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Condensed Time Table, in effect on and after Tuesday, April 27th, 1875.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte.....	9.34 p. m.	8.30 A M
" Air Line June'n	9.32 "	8.50 "
" Salisbury.....	11.46 "	10.24 "
" Greensboro....	2.20 A M	1.35 P. M
" Danville.....	8.44 "	4.16 "
" Dundee.....	9.20 "	4.12 "
" Berkeville.....	11.20 "	5.36 "
Ar. at Richmond.....	2.32 p. m.	11.17 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond.	1.30 P. M.	9.05 A M
" Burkeville	4.32 "	12.05 "
" Dundee	10.30 "	1.47 P M.
" Danville	10.30 "	1.48 "
" Greensboro	2.06 A M	4.23 "
" Salisbury.	4.54 "	6.45 "
" Air-Line Jct'n	7.05 "	8.39 P M
Ar. at Charlotte.	7.30 "	8.47 "

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	MAIL.
Leave Greensboro'	3.45 A. m.	Ar. 3.32 a m
" Co. Shops	4.38 "	L've 11.37 "
" Hillsboro,	6.10 "	
" Raleigh	7.32 A M	" 7.32 "
Ar. at Goldsboro'	10.05 "	L've 5.00 P M

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro 4.20 p. m.
Arrive at Salem 6 13 "
Leave Salem, 9.20 a. m.
Arrive at Greensboro, 11,19 "

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